Acta Crystallographica Section E **Structure Reports** Online

ISSN 1600-5368

(E)-2-[1-(3-Amino-4-chlorophenylimino)ethyl]-4-bromophenol

Hadariah Bahron,^a Siti Najihah Abu Bakar,^a Karimah Kassim,^a Chin Sing Yeap^b[‡] and Hoong-Kun Fun^{b*}§

^aFaculty of Applied Sciences, Universiti Teknologi MARA, 40450, Shah Alam, Malaysia, and ^bX-ray Crystallography Unit, School of Physics, Universiti Sains Malaysia, 11800 USM, Penang, Malaysia Correspondence e-mail: hkfun@usm.my

Received 10 March 2010; accepted 16 March 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 296 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.003 Å; R factor = 0.035; wR factor = 0.077; data-to-parameter ratio = 21.2.

The title Schiff base compound, $C_{14}H_{12}BrClN_2O$, exists in an E configuration with respect to the central C=N double bond. The amino group adopts a pyramidal configuration. The dihedral angle between the two benzene rings is $76.88 (10)^{\circ}$ and an intramolecular O-H···N hydrogen bond forms a sixmembered ring, generating an S(6) ring motif. In the crystal structure, molecules are linked into chains along [010] via N-H···O hydrogen bonds. The presence of π - π interactions [centroid–centroid distance = 3.6244 (12) Å] further stabilizes the crystal structure.

Related literature

For the biological activity and corrosion inhibition properties of Schiff base derivatives, see: Azam et al. (2007); Sauri et al. (2009). For a related structure, see: Yamin et al. (2009). For hydrogen-bond motifs, see: Bernstein et al. (1995).



Experimental

Crystal data

C14H12BrClN2O $M_r = 339.62$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ a = 10.2469 (1) Å

[±] Thomson Reuters ResearcherID: A-5523-2009. § Thomson Reuters ResearcherID: A-3561-2009. b = 8.7672(1) Å c = 15.7180 (2) Å $\beta = 107.065 \ (1)^{\circ}$ V = 1349.88 (3) Å³ Z = 4

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD	
area-detector diffractometer	
Absorption correction: multi-scan	
(SADABS; Bruker, 2009)	
$T_{\min} = 0.509, \ T_{\max} = 0.726$	

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$	H atoms treated by a mixture of
$wR(F^2) = 0.077$	independent and constrained
S = 1.00	refinement
3925 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.28 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
185 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.27 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
O1−H1 <i>O</i> 1···N1	0.86 (3)	1.74 (3)	2.533 (2)	151 (3)
$N2-H1N2\cdotsO1^{i}$	0.82 (3)	2.33 (3)	3.129 (3)	163 (2)

Symmetry code: (i) $-x + 2, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXTL; molecular graphics: SHELXTL; software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL and PLATON (Spek, 2009).

HB, SNAB and KK wish to thank both Universiti Teknologi MARA and Universiti Sains Malaysia (USM) for research facilities, and the Malaysian Ministry of Higher Education for the research grant FRGS UiTM 5/3/FST/(12/2008). HKF and CSY thank USM for the Research University Golden Goose grant (1001/PFIZIK/811012). CSY also thanks USM for the award of a USM Fellowship.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: TK2641).

References

- Azam, F., Singh, S., Khokhra, S. L. & Prakash, O. (2007). J. Zhejiang Univ. Sci. B. 8, 446-452.
- Bernstein, J., Davis, R. E., Shimoni, L. & Chang, N.-L. (1995). Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl. 34, 1555-1573.
- Bruker (2009). APEX2, SAINT and SADABS. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Sauri, A. S. M., Kassim, K., Bahron, H., Yahya, M. Z. A. & Harun, M. K. (2009). Mater. Res. Innovations, 13, 305-308.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). Acta Cryst. A64, 112-122.
- Spek, A. L. (2009). Acta Cryst. D65, 148-155.
- Yamin, B. M., Bakar, S. N. A., Kassim, K. & Bahron, H. (2009). Acta Cryst. E65, o2573.

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

 $0.24 \times 0.22 \times 0.11 \text{ mm}$

14782 measured reflections 3925 independent reflections

2420 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

 $\mu = 3.24 \text{ mm}^-$

T = 296 K

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.029$

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, 0883 [doi:10.1107/S1600536810009773]

(E)-2-[1-(3-Amino-4-chlorophenylimino)ethyl]-4-bromophenol

H. Bahron, S. N. A. Bakar, K. Kassim, C. S. Yeap and H.-K. Fun

Comment

Schiff bases have been studied extensively due to their intriguing biological activities, such as antimicrobial (Azam *et al.*, 2007), and chemical properties as well as corrosion inhibition (Sauri *et al.*, 2009). The structure of a Schiff base synthesized from 1,3-diamino-4-chlorobenzene and 3-methoxysalicylaldehyde in 1:2 ratio has been reported by Yamin *et al.* (2009). The present Schiff base compound, (I), is also derived from 1,3-diamino-4-chlorobenzene but from an analogous reaction with 5-bromo-2-hydroxyacetophenone.

Compound, (I), exists in an *E* configuration with respect to the central C7=N1 double bond (Fig. 1). The dihedral angle between the two benzene rings is 76.88 (10)°. The amino group (N2) adopts a pyramidal configuration. An intramolecular O1—H1O1…N1 hydrogen bond forms a six-membered ring, generating an S(6) ring motif (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995). In the crystal structure, the molecules are linked into one-dimensional chains along [010] *via* intermolecular N2—H1N2…O1 hydrogen bonds (Fig. 2, Table 1). The Cg1…Cg2 interaction of 3.6244 (12) Å; x, 5/2-y, 1/2+z, further stabilizes the crystal structure (Cg1 and Cg2 are centroids of benzene rings C8–C13 and C1–C6, respectively).

Experimental

Compound (I) was synthesized by heating 1,3-diamino-4-chlorobenzene (0.3565 g, 2.5 mmol) with 5-bromo-2-hydroxy-acetophenone (0.998 g, 5 mmol) in ethanol for 24 h. The solvent was then evaporated in-*vacuo* and the oily product was recrystallized from acetone to afford yellow single crystals. Yield 12%. Melting point 448-452 K.

Refinement

The H1O1, H1N2 and H2N2 hydrogen atoms were located from a difference Fourier map and refined freely. The remaining H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model, with C–H = 0.93 or 0.96 Å, and with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2$ or 1.5 $U_{eq}(C)$. The rotating group model was applied for the methyl groups.

Figures



Fig. 1. The molecular structure of (I) with 50% probability ellipsoids for non-H atoms. An intramolecular hydrogen bond is shown as a dashed line.



Fig. 2. A view down the *a* axis of the unit cell of (I) showing molecules linked into one-dimensional chains along [010]. Intermolecular hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

(E)-2-[1-(3-Amino-4-chlorophenylimino)ethyl]-4-bromophenol

F(000) = 680 $D_{\rm x} = 1.671 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

 $\theta = 2.7-28.5^{\circ}$ $\mu = 3.24 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 296 KBlock, yellow

 $0.24\times0.22\times0.11~mm$

Mo K α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å Cell parameters from 4343 reflections

Crystal data

C ₁₄ H ₁₂ BrClN ₂ O
$M_r = 339.62$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc
a = 10.2469 (1) Å
<i>b</i> = 8.7672 (1) Å
c = 15.7180 (2) Å
$\beta = 107.065 \ (1)^{\circ}$
$V = 1349.88 (3) \text{ Å}^3$
Z = 4

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer	3925 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	2420 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
graphite	$R_{\rm int} = 0.029$
ϕ and ω scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 30.1^\circ, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.1^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2009)	$h = -14 \rightarrow 14$
$T_{\min} = 0.509, T_{\max} = 0.726$	$k = -12 \rightarrow 9$
14782 measured reflections	$l = -22 \rightarrow 21$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.077$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
<i>S</i> = 1.00	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_0^2) + (0.0299P)^2 + 0.2742P]$ where $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
3925 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$
185 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.28 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.27 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds

in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor wR and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
Br1	0.82408 (3)	0.92283 (3)	0.233924 (15)	0.05982 (11)
Cl1	0.55171 (6)	1.10458 (7)	0.92352 (4)	0.05352 (17)
01	0.92270 (16)	1.31628 (18)	0.55948 (10)	0.0499 (4)
N1	0.76555 (17)	1.1434 (2)	0.61354 (10)	0.0391 (4)
N2	0.7688 (2)	0.9064 (2)	0.89348 (14)	0.0503 (5)
C1	0.9012 (2)	1.2211 (2)	0.48934 (12)	0.0361 (5)
C2	0.9613 (2)	1.2577 (3)	0.42328 (13)	0.0415 (5)
H2A	1.0168	1.3435	0.4298	0.050*
C3	0.9398 (2)	1.1686 (3)	0.34850 (13)	0.0411 (5)
H3A	0.9795	1.1944	0.3043	0.049*
C4	0.8588 (2)	1.0407 (2)	0.33972 (12)	0.0376 (5)
C5	0.7997 (2)	1.0004 (2)	0.40428 (13)	0.0377 (5)
H5A	0.7462	0.9130	0.3971	0.045*
C6	0.81908 (19)	1.0898 (2)	0.48087 (12)	0.0325 (4)
C7	0.75211 (19)	1.0490 (2)	0.54920 (13)	0.0341 (5)
C8	0.7052 (2)	1.1213 (2)	0.68396 (12)	0.0349 (5)
C9	0.7605 (2)	1.0181 (2)	0.75146 (13)	0.0361 (5)
H9A	0.8302	0.9534	0.7471	0.043*
C10	0.71348 (19)	1.0095 (2)	0.82588 (12)	0.0343 (5)
C11	0.6078 (2)	1.1068 (2)	0.82884 (13)	0.0353 (5)
C12	0.5507 (2)	1.2078 (3)	0.76140 (14)	0.0457 (5)
H12A	0.4790	1.2703	0.7648	0.055*
C13	0.6000 (2)	1.2166 (3)	0.68838 (14)	0.0442 (5)
H13A	0.5626	1.2857	0.6429	0.053*
C14	0.6714 (2)	0.9042 (2)	0.53932 (15)	0.0497 (6)
H14A	0.6292	0.8973	0.5862	0.075*
H14B	0.7311	0.8186	0.5426	0.075*
H14C	0.6022	0.9040	0.4828	0.075*
H1O1	0.875 (3)	1.280 (3)	0.5918 (17)	0.090 (10)*
H1N2	0.845 (3)	0.875 (3)	0.8945 (15)	0.056 (8)*
H2N2	0.760 (3)	0.933 (3)	0.9416 (18)	0.068 (9)*

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U ²³
Br1	0.0789 (2)	0.0630 (2)	0.04600 (15)	0.00123 (13)	0.03142 (13)	-0.01291 (12)
Cl1	0.0612 (4)	0.0630 (4)	0.0472 (3)	0.0015 (3)	0.0328 (3)	-0.0020 (3)

supplementary materials

0.0632 (10)	0.0497 (10)	0.0423 (9)	-0.0224 (8)	0.0241 (8)	-0.0097 (7)
0.0511 (11)	0.0378 (10)	0.0321 (9)	-0.0088 (8)	0.0180 (8)	-0.0014 (8)
0.0585 (14)	0.0534 (14)	0.0435 (12)	0.0162 (11)	0.0222 (11)	0.0160 (10)
0.0383 (11)	0.0381 (13)	0.0314 (10)	-0.0005 (9)	0.0095 (9)	0.0032 (9)
0.0408 (12)	0.0428 (13)	0.0425 (12)	-0.0045 (10)	0.0149 (10)	0.0046 (10)
0.0418 (12)	0.0469 (14)	0.0400 (11)	0.0060 (11)	0.0206 (10)	0.0106 (10)
0.0426 (11)	0.0396 (13)	0.0320 (10)	0.0090 (10)	0.0131 (9)	0.0022 (9)
0.0435 (12)	0.0327 (12)	0.0391 (11)	0.0000 (10)	0.0157 (10)	0.0005 (9)
0.0348 (10)	0.0327 (12)	0.0306 (10)	0.0014 (9)	0.0106 (8)	0.0037 (9)
0.0378 (11)	0.0323 (12)	0.0328 (10)	-0.0004 (9)	0.0113 (9)	0.0033 (9)
0.0420 (11)	0.0335 (12)	0.0303 (10)	-0.0072 (9)	0.0123 (9)	-0.0034 (9)
0.0398 (11)	0.0340 (12)	0.0381 (11)	0.0030 (9)	0.0169 (9)	-0.0008 (9)
0.0388 (11)	0.0318 (12)	0.0317 (10)	-0.0037 (9)	0.0094 (9)	0.0002 (9)
0.0401 (11)	0.0370 (12)	0.0329 (10)	-0.0029 (9)	0.0173 (9)	-0.0036 (9)
0.0457 (12)	0.0461 (14)	0.0489 (13)	0.0087 (11)	0.0195 (11)	0.0025 (11)
0.0499 (13)	0.0445 (14)	0.0377 (11)	0.0061 (11)	0.0121 (10)	0.0082 (10)
0.0631 (15)	0.0461 (15)	0.0480 (13)	-0.0175 (11)	0.0288 (11)	-0.0101 (11)
	0.0632 (10) 0.0511 (11) 0.0585 (14) 0.0383 (11) 0.0408 (12) 0.0418 (12) 0.0426 (11) 0.0435 (12) 0.0348 (10) 0.0378 (11) 0.0398 (11) 0.0398 (11) 0.0388 (11) 0.0401 (11) 0.0457 (12) 0.0499 (13) 0.0631 (15)	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	$\begin{array}{ccccccc} 0.0632(10) & 0.0497(10) & 0.0423(9) \\ 0.0511(11) & 0.0378(10) & 0.0321(9) \\ 0.0585(14) & 0.0534(14) & 0.0435(12) \\ 0.0383(11) & 0.0381(13) & 0.0314(10) \\ 0.0408(12) & 0.0428(13) & 0.0425(12) \\ 0.0418(12) & 0.0469(14) & 0.0400(11) \\ 0.0426(11) & 0.0396(13) & 0.0320(10) \\ 0.0435(12) & 0.0327(12) & 0.0391(11) \\ 0.0348(10) & 0.0327(12) & 0.0306(10) \\ 0.0378(11) & 0.0323(12) & 0.0328(10) \\ 0.0398(11) & 0.0340(12) & 0.0381(11) \\ 0.0388(11) & 0.0318(12) & 0.0317(10) \\ 0.0401(11) & 0.0370(12) & 0.0329(10) \\ 0.0457(12) & 0.0461(14) & 0.0489(13) \\ 0.0499(13) & 0.0445(14) & 0.0480(13) \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Br1—C4	1.900 (2)	C5—C6	1.401 (3)
Cl1—C11	1.7458 (18)	C5—H5A	0.9300
01—C1	1.348 (2)	C6—C7	1.478 (2)
01—H101	0.86 (3)	C7—C14	1.498 (3)
N1—C7	1.282 (2)	C8—C13	1.382 (3)
N1—C8	1.431 (2)	C8—C9	1.383 (3)
N2—C10	1.384 (3)	C9—C10	1.392 (2)
N2—H1N2	0.82 (3)	С9—Н9А	0.9300
N2—H2N2	0.82 (3)	C10—C11	1.390 (3)
C1—C2	1.392 (3)	C11—C12	1.373 (3)
C1—C6	1.409 (3)	C12—C13	1.385 (3)
C2—C3	1.374 (3)	C12—H12A	0.9300
C2—H2A	0.9300	C13—H13A	0.9300
C3—C4	1.378 (3)	C14—H14A	0.9600
С3—НЗА	0.9300	C14—H14B	0.9600
C4—C5	1.372 (3)	C14—H14C	0.9600
C1-01-H101	105.6 (19)	C6—C7—C14	119.31 (17)
C7—N1—C8	123.50 (17)	C13—C8—C9	120.47 (17)
C10-N2-H1N2	114.0 (17)	C13—C8—N1	118.56 (18)
C10—N2—H2N2	112.9 (18)	C9—C8—N1	120.61 (18)
H1N2—N2—H2N2	116 (2)	C8—C9—C10	120.98 (18)
01—C1—C2	117.72 (19)	С8—С9—Н9А	119.5
O1—C1—C6	122.22 (17)	С10—С9—Н9А	119.5
C2—C1—C6	120.05 (19)	N2-C10-C11	121.52 (18)
C3—C2—C1	120.8 (2)	N2-C10-C9	121.06 (19)
С3—С2—Н2А	119.6	C11—C10—C9	117.42 (18)
C1—C2—H2A	119.6	C12—C11—C10	121.97 (17)
C2—C3—C4	119.29 (18)	C12—C11—Cl1	119.54 (15)
С2—С3—НЗА	120.4	C10—C11—Cl1	118.44 (15)

С4—С3—НЗА	120.4	C11—C12—C13	119.95 (19)
C5—C4—C3	121.26 (19)	C11—C12—H12A	120.0
C5—C4—Br1	119.84 (16)	C13—C12—H12A	120.0
C3—C4—Br1	118.87 (14)	C8—C13—C12	119.2 (2)
C4—C5—C6	120.66 (19)	C8—C13—H13A	120.4
C4—C5—H5A	119.7	C12—C13—H13A	120.4
С6—С5—Н5А	119.7	C7—C14—H14A	109.5
C5—C6—C1	117.94 (17)	C7—C14—H14B	109.5
C5—C6—C7	120.68 (18)	H14A—C14—H14B	109.5
C1—C6—C7	121.36 (17)	C7—C14—H14C	109.5
N1—C7—C6	116.84 (17)	H14A—C14—H14C	109.5
N1	123.84 (17)	H14B—C14—H14C	109.5
O1—C1—C2—C3	-177.75 (18)	C5—C6—C7—C14	4.6 (3)
C6—C1—C2—C3	1.2 (3)	C1—C6—C7—C14	-177.06 (19)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.8 (3)	C7—N1—C8—C13	-110.9 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.2 (3)	C7—N1—C8—C9	76.0 (3)
C2—C3—C4—Br1	177.57 (15)	C13—C8—C9—C10	-1.2 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.6 (3)	N1-C8-C9-C10	171.82 (18)
Br1-C4-C5-C6	-177.08 (14)	C8—C9—C10—N2	-180.0 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.2 (3)	C8—C9—C10—C11	1.0 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C7	178.20 (18)	N2-C10-C11-C12	-178.9 (2)
O1—C1—C6—C5	178.19 (18)	C9—C10—C11—C12	0.2 (3)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.7 (3)	N2-C10-C11-Cl1	3.7 (3)
O1—C1—C6—C7	-0.2 (3)	C9—C10—C11—Cl1	-177.24 (15)
C2—C1—C6—C7	-179.09 (18)	C10-C11-C12-C13	-1.1 (3)
C8—N1—C7—C6	179.02 (17)	Cl1—C11—C12—C13	176.27 (17)
C8—N1—C7—C14	0.2 (3)	C9—C8—C13—C12	0.2 (3)
C5—C6—C7—N1	-174.25 (18)	N1-C8-C13-C12	-172.91 (19)
C1—C6—C7—N1	4.1 (3)	C11-C12-C13-C8	0.9 (3)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	D—H··· A
01—H101…N1	0.86 (3)	1.74 (3)	2.533 (2)	151 (3)
N2—H1N2···O1 ⁱ	0.82 (3)	2.33 (3)	3.129 (3)	163 (2)
Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+2$, $y-1/2$, $-z+3/2$.				







Fig. 2